

NORTHERN DIVISION | Owen and Surrounding Counties

PWSID: KY0340250

QUALITY. ONE MORE WAY WE KEEP LIFE FLOWING.



WE KEEP LIFE FLOWING®

What is a **Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)**

Once again, we proudly present our Annual Water Quality Report, also referred to as a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR). CCRs let consumers know what contaminants, if any, were detected in their drinking water as well as related potential health effects. CCRs also include details about where your water comes from and how it is treated. Additionally, they educate customers on what it takes to deliver safe drinking water and highlight the need to protect drinking water sources.

We are committed to delivering high quality drinking water service. To that end, we remain vigilant in meeting the challenges of source water protection, water conservation, environmental compliance, sustainability and community education while continuing to serve the needs of all our water users.

This report contains important information about your drinking water. Translate it, or speak with someone who understands it at 1-800-678-6301.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien al 1-800-678-6301.

Ntawm no yog ib co lus qhia tseem ceeb heev txog koj cov dej seb huv npaum li cas. Yog tias koj xav tau kev pab txhais cov lus qhia no, thov hu rau peb ntawm 1-800-678-6301.

這是關於您的水質的十分重要的資訊。如果您需要幫助翻譯此資訊 請致電 1-800-678-6301 與我們聯繫。

आपके पानी की गुणवत्ता के बारे में यह बहुत महत्वपूर्ण सूचना है। यदि इस सूचना के अनुवाद के लिए आपको सहायता की जरूरत हो, तो कृपया 1-800-678-6301 र हमें काल करें।

Это очень важная информация о качестве Вашей воды. Если Вам требуется перевод этой информации, позвоните нам по телефону 1-800-678-6301.

Ito ay isang napakahalagang impormasyon tungkol sa kalidad ng iyong tubig. Kung iyong kailangan ng tulong sa pagsalin ng impormasyon na ito, mangyaring tumawag sa amin sa 1-800-678-6301.

Đây là thông tin rất quan trọng về chất lượng nước của quý vị. Nếu quý vị cần thông dịch thông tin này, xin gọi chúng tôi theo số 1-800-678-6301.

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A message from **Kentucky American Water's President**



Kathryn Nash
President, Kentucky
American Water

Dear Kentucky American Water Customer,

Having access to safe, reliable water service is something that can be easily taken for granted. At Kentucky American Water, it's our top priority.

I am pleased to share with you our 2023 Consumer Confidence Report, which is a testament to the hard work and dedication of our employees. As you read through this information, you will see that we continue to supply high quality drinking water service to keep your life flowing.

We monitor and test your water at multiple points throughout our process of drawing it from its source, treating it to meet drinking water standards, and distributing it through our pipeline systems. In fact, we test for about 100 regulated contaminants as required by state and federal drinking water standards.

QUALITY: We take water quality so seriously that all three of our water treatment plants have been nationally recognized with Directors Awards from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Partnership for Safe Water program for surpassing federal and state drinking water standards. We remain committed to protecting our sources of drinking water. We utilize advanced technology and detection methods that are paving the way for source water protection across the country.

SERVICE: Last year, we invested \$57 million to upgrade our water and wastewater treatment and pipeline systems in the communities we serve. These investments allowed us to improve water quality, water pressure and service reliability for our customers.

VALUE: While costs to provide water service continue to increase across the country, our investments help us provide high quality water service that remains an exceptional value for such an essential service.

We hope our commitment to you and our passion for water shine through in this report detailing the source and quality of your drinking water in 2023. We will continue to work to keep your life flowing – today, tomorrow and in the future.

We're proud to be your local water service provider,

Kathryn Nash Kentucky American Water This report contains important information about your drinking water. Translate it or speak with someone who understands it at 1-800-678-6301, Monday-Friday, 7 a.m. to 7 p.m.



ATTENTION: Landlords and Apartment Owners

Please share a copy of this notice with your tenants. It includes important information about their drinking water quality.





EVERY STEP OF THE WAY.

Our team monitors and tests your water at multiple points throughout our process of drawing it from its source, treating it to meet drinking water standards, and distributing it through our pipeline systems. In fact, American Water performs over one million tests annually for about 100 regulated contaminants, nationwide.



EXPERTISE. RECOGNIZED AT THE HIGHEST LEVEL.

American Water is an expert in water quality testing, compliance and treatment and has established industry-leading water testing facilities. Our dedicated team of scientists and researchers are committed to finding solutions for water quality challenges and implementing new technologies. American Water is recognized as an industry leader in water quality and works cooperatively with the EPA so that drinking water standards and new regulations produce benefits for customers and public water suppliers. American Water has earned awards from the EPA's Partnership for Safe Water as well as awards for superior water quality from state regulators, industry organizations, individual communities, and government and environmental agencies.



WATER QUALITY. DOWN TO A SCIENCE.

Our team also has access to American Water's Central Laboratory in Belleville, Illinois, which conducts sophisticated drinking water testing and analysis. American Water scientists refine testing procedures, innovate new methods, and set new standards for detecting potentially new contaminants—even before regulations are in place.



MAINTAINING QUALITY FOR FUTURE GENERATIONS.

Just as Kentucky American Water is investing in research and testing, we also understand the importance of investing in the infrastructure that provides high-quality water service to you. Last year alone, we invested approximately \$57 million to improve our water and wastewater treatment and pipeline systems.

NOT JUST MEETING DRINKING WATER STANDARDS— SURPASSING THEM.

The EPA regulates about 100 potential contaminants and sets stringent standards for each one. **Kentucky American Water takes water quality so seriously that:**

All 3 of our water treatment plants, Kentucky River Station, Richmond Road Station, and Kentucky River Station II, have been nationally recognized with Directors Awards from the EPA's Partnership for Safe Water program for our long-term commitment to optimizing operations, achieving outstanding performance, and protecting public health and the environment.





WHERE YOUR WATER COMES FROM

The drinking water supply for **Kentucky American Water's Northern Division** is surface water from pool 3 of the Kentucky River. The Kentucky River flows north past Owen County to the Ohio River. This surface water provides the primary source of drinking water produced by our Kentucky River Station II water treatment plant.

The Kentucky Division of Water approved a **Source Water Assessment and Protection Plan** for Kentucky American Water.
This plan focuses on potential sources of contamination for the water supplies used by Kentucky American Water.

The Kentucky River is most vulnerable to contamination from agricultural runoff, which may include pesticides, nutrients and silt from croplands, and substances resulting from the presence of animals on pasturelands. A copy of the completed Source Water Assessment and Protection Plan may be viewed by calling our Customer Service Center at 800-678-6301.

Our treatment processes are designed to protect human health by reducing contaminant concentrations to levels well below what might cause health concerns.

Kentucky American Water customers in the **Glencoe area** receive water purchased from Gallatin County Water (PWSID KY0390130). The primary supply for Gallatin County Water is groundwater from an underground aquifer that lies beneath Gallatin County. Our customers may receive treated water that Gallatin County Water purchases from the Warsaw Water Works (PWSID KY0390444) treatment facility located in Warsaw. The Warsaw Water Works and Gallatin County Water draw water from the same groundwater source.

Customers in the **Wheatley area** receive water purchased from Carroll County Water District #1 (PWSID KY0210066), whose source is groundwater drawn from a network of wells drilled into the Ohio River alluvial aquifer.

Learn more about local waterways at: https://mywaterway.epa.gov/



YOU CAN BE INVOLVED IN MATTERS THAT AFFECT YOUR WATER

Kentucky American Water welcomes your comments and questions regarding your water. To provide feedback on decisions that may affect the quality of your water, for questions about your water or this report, or to obtain additional copies of this report, please call our Customer Service Center at 800-678-6301 or 859-269-2386 ext 6 for Bob Money, Manager, Water Quality and Environmental Compliance.

As a customer of a utility regulated by the Kentucky Public Service Commission, you have the opportunity to participate in periodic public hearings regarding Kentucky American Water. For more information about this process, please refer to the Public Service Commission website at http://psc.ky.gov/or call 800-772-4636.



SPECIAL HEALTH INFORMATION

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

What are the **Sources of Contaminants**?

To provide tap water that is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be

obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, aquifers and/or groundwater. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

CONTAMINANTS THAT MAY BE PRESENT IN SOURCE WATER INCLUDE:

Microbial Contaminants	such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
Inorganic Contaminants	such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or may result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
Pesticides and Herbicides	which may come from a variety of sources, such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
Organic Chemical Contaminants	including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and may also, come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
Radioactive Contaminants	which can be naturally occurring or may be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.



Protecting Your Drinking Water Supply

Protecting drinking water at the source is an important part of the process to treat and deliver high quality water. It takes a community effort to protect our shared resources. This includes utilities, businesses, residents, government agencies, and organizations. Everyone who lives, works, and plays in the area has a role and stake in clean water supplies.

WHAT CAN YOU DO?

Quality drinking water starts upstream. Everyone can help maintain and improve drinking water supplies through the following actions:

- Properly dispose of pharmaceuticals, household chemicals, oils, and paints
- Materials can impact waterways if poured down the drain, flushed down the toilet, or dumped on the ground
- Check for leaks from automobiles and heating fuel tanks. Clean up any spills using an absorbent material like cat litter. Sweep up the material and put it in a sealed bag; check with the local refuse facility for proper disposal
- Clean up after your pets and limit the use of fertilizers and pesticides
- Take part in watershed activities

Report any spills, illegal dumping or suspicious activity to the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection, Emergency Response Branch: 1-800-928-2380

WHAT ARE WE DOING?

Our priority is to provide reliable, quality drinking water service for customers. The source of supply is an important part of that mission. We work to understand and reduce potential risks to your

drinking water supply by collaborating with regulators and community stakeholders.

Here are a few of the efforts underway to protect our shared water resources:



Community Involvement: We have a proactive public outreach program to help spread the word and get people involved. This includes school education, community education sponsorships, and other community activities.



Environmental Grant Program: Each year, we offer funding for innovative, community-based environmental projects that improve, restore or protect watersheds in our local communities.



Backflow Prevention: This program safeguards the water supply by eliminating cross connections in our distribution system and ensuring the proper installation and maintenance of backflow prevention devices. These devices block the reverse flow of water from hazards originating on customers' properties and temporary connections from entering our water lines. Visit www.kentuckyamwater.com for more information or contact the Cross Connection Department at KAW.cc@amwater.com or 859-544-0903.

About **Lead**

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing.. Kentucky American Water is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

UTILITY-OWNED VS. CUSTOMER-OWNED PORTION OF THE SERVICE LINE Н Gooseneck Curb Stop Owned by Utility Owned by Customer

Please note: This diagram is a generic representation. Variations may apply.

The most common source of lead in tap water is from the customer's plumbing and their service line.

The utility-owned water mains are not made of lead; however, the water service line that carries the water from the water main in the street to your home could be. Homeowners' service lines may be made of lead, copper, galvanized steel or plastic. You can assess your service line material where it enters your home, typically in your basement, crawl space or garage, near the inlet valve.

MINIMIZING YOUR POTENTIAL EXPOSURE

You cannot see, smell or taste lead, and boiling water will not remove lead. Here are steps you can take to reduce your potential exposure if lead exists in your home plumbing.

CHECK YOUR PLUMBING AND SERVICE LINE

If you live in an older home, consider having a licensed plumber check your plumbing for lead. If your service line is made of lead, and you're planning to replace it, be sure to contact us at 1-800-678-6301.



1. Flush your taps. The longer the water lies dormant in your home's plumbing, the more lead it might contain. If the water in your faucet has gone unused for more than six hours, flush the tap with cold water for 30 seconds to two minutes before drinking or using it to cook. To conserve water, catch the running water and use it to water your plants.



Use cold water for drinking and cooking. Hot water has the potential to contain more lead than cold water. If hot water is needed for cooking, heat cold water on the stove or in the microwave.



3. Routinely remove and clean all faucet aerators.



4. Look for the "Lead Free" label when replacing or installing plumbing fixtures.



5. Follow manufacturer's instructions for replacing water filters in household appliances, such as refrigerators and ice makers, as well as home water treatment units and pitchers. Look for NSF 53 certified filters.



6. Flush after plumbing changes. Changes to your service line, meter, or interior plumbing may result in sediment, possibly containing lead, in your water supply. Remove the strainers from each faucet and run the water for 3 to 5 minutes.

Important Information About **Drinking Water**

CHLORAMINES

Chloramines are a Kentucky and federally approved alternative to free chlorine for water disinfection. Chloramines can reduce disinfection by-product formation and may help reduce concerns related to taste. Chloramines are also used by many American Water systems and many other water utilities nationally.

Chloramines have the same effect as chlorine for typical water uses with the exception that chloramines must be removed from water used in kidney dialysis and fish tanks or aquariums.

Treatments to remove chloramines are different than treatments for removing chlorine. Please contact your physician or dialysis specialist for questions pertaining to kidney dialysis water treatment. Contact your pet store or veterinarian for questions regarding water used for fish and other aquatic life.

NITRATES

Nitrate in drinking water at levels of 10 ppm is a health risk for infants less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant, you should ask advice of your health care provider.

CRYPTOSPORIDIUM

Cryptosporidium is a microbial pathogen found in surface water throughout the United States. Although filtration removes Cryptosporidium, the most commonly used filtration methods cannot guarantee 100 percent removal. Ingestion of Cryptosporidium may cause cryptosporidiosis, an abdominal infection. Symptoms of infection include nausea, diarrhea, and abdominal cramps. Most healthy individuals can overcome the disease within a few weeks. People with severely weakened immune systems have a risk of developing lifethreatening illness. We encourage such individuals to consult their doctor regarding appropriate precautions to take to avoid infection. Cryptosporidium must be ingested to cause disease, and it may be spread through means other than drinking water.

Current test methods do not allow us to determine if the organisms are dead or if they are capable of causing disease. Our 2015 through 2017 monitoring indicates the presence of these organisms in our source water. Kentucky American Water's treatment processes are designed to remove Cryptosporidium from the water.





Water Quality **Results**

WATER QUALITY STATEMENT

We are pleased to report that during calendar year 2023, the results of testing of your drinking water complied with all state and federal drinking water requirements.

For your information, we have compiled the following tables showing the testing of your drinking water during 2023. The Kentucky Division of Water allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentration of the contaminants does not change frequently. Some of our data, though representative, are more than one year old.

Definition of Terms that may appear in this report

Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions

LRAA: Locational Running Annual Average

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL):

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health.

MCLGs allow for a margin of safety

Maximum Residual Disinfectant
Level (MRDL): The highest level of a
disinfectant allowed in drinking water.
There is convincing evidence that
addition of a disinfectant is necessary
for control of microbial contaminants

Maximum Residual Disinfectant
Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a
drinking water disinfectant below
which there is no known or expected
risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect
the benefits of the use of disinfectants
to control microbial contaminants

MFL: Million fibers per liter

NA: Not applicable

N/A: No data available

ND: Not detected

Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTU):

A measurement of the clarity, or turbidity, of the water

pH: A measurement of acidity, 7.0 being neutral

picocuries per liter (pCi/L):

Measurement of the natural rate of disintegration of radioactive contaminants in water

parts per billion (ppb): One part substance per billion parts water, or micrograms per liter (ug/L)

parts per million (ppm): One part substance per million parts water, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

parts per trillion (ppt): One part substance per trillion parts water, or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

Public Water System Identification (**PWSID**): A unique identification number assigned to a public water system by their regulatory agency

RAA: Running Annual Average

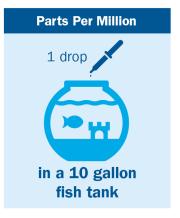
Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL): Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water

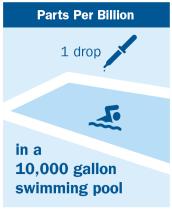
Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water

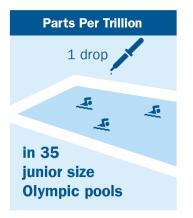
Variance and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or utilize a treatment technique under certain conditions

%: Percent

MEASUREMENTS







NORTHERN DIVISION | Owen and Surrounding Counties PWSID: KY0340250

Water Quality **Results**

Kentucky American Water conducts extensive monitoring to determine if your water meets all water quality standards. The detections of our monitoring are reported in the following tables. While most monitoring was conducted in 2023, certain substances are monitored less than once per year because the levels do not change frequently. For help with interpreting the tables below, see the "Definition of Terms" on the previous page. Some unregulated substances are measured, but maximum contaminant levels have not been established by the government. These contaminants are shown for your information.

NOTE: Regulated contaminants not listed in these tables were not found in the treated water supply.

	REGULATED SUBSTANCES - Collected at the Treatment Plant															
					Owento			Glencoe Area Customers:					Wheatley Area			
Cubatanaa	Veen	0			Customers: Kentucky River Station II		Gallatin County Water				Warsaw Water		Customers: Carroll County			
Substance (with units)	Sampled	Year Compliance Sampled Achieved	MCLG	MCL			Treatment Plant A		Treatment Plant B		Works		Water District		Typical Source	
					Report Level	Range	Report Level	Range	Report Level	Range	Report Level	Range	Report Level	Range		
Arsenic (ppb)	2023	Yes	NA	10	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Natural erosion; runoff from orchards or glass and electronics production wastes	
Barium (ppm)	2023 ¹	Yes	2	2	NA	NA	0.035	0.035 to 0.035	0.035	0.035 to 0.035	0.055	0.055 to 0.055	0.041	0.041 to 0.041	Drilling wastes; metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
Beta Photon Emitters (pCi/L)	2021²	Yes	0	50 ²	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.1	5.1 to 5.1	Decay of natural and manmade deposits	
Combined Radium (pCi/L)	2019³	Yes	0	5	NA	NA	1	1 to 1	1	1 to 1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Erosion of natural deposits	
Fluoride (ppm)	2023 ⁴	Yes	4	4	0.76	NA	0.73	0.73 to 1.18	0.89	0.74 to 0.91	3.51	3.51 to 3.51	0.67	0.67 to 0.67	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth	
Nitrate (ppm)	2023	Yes	10	10	0.48	NA	1.25	0.56 to 6.55	4.39	0.01 to 4.39	6.91	0.58 to 6.91	5.18	1.15 to 5.18	Fertilizer runoff; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits	
Uranium (ppb)	2019 ⁵	Yes	0	30	NA	NA	1	0 to 1	1	0 to 1	0.369	0.369 to 0.369	NA	NA	Erosion of natural deposits	
2,4-D (ppb)	2023	Yes	70	70	ND	ND to 0.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops	

¹Barium: Gallatin County Plants A and B sampled in 2017 and Warsaw sampled in 2022 ²Beta Photon Emitters: The MCL for beta particles is 4 mrem/year. EPA considers 50 pCi/L to be the level of concern for beta particles ³Combined Radium: Gallatin County sampled in 2019 for Plant A and in 2018 for Plant B ⁴Fluoride: Warsaw sampled in 2022 and Carroll County sampled in 2020 ⁵Uranium: Gallatin County sampled in 2019 for Plant A and in 2018 for Plant B, Warsaw sampled in 2019

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Water Quality **Results**

TURBIDITY - Monitored at the Treatment Plant												
Substance	Year Sampled	Compliance Achieved	MCLG	MCL -		Area Customers y River Station II	Tunical Sauras					
(with units)					Highest Value	Lowest Monthly % of Samples ≤ 0.3 NTU	Typical Source					
Turbidity (NTU)	2023	Yes	NA	TT	0.07	100%	Soil runoff					

Turbidity: Turbidity is the clarity of water. It is measured as an indicator of water quality and the effectiveness of the filtration system. Compliance with the turbidity Treatment Technique (TT) is achieved when 95% of four-hour filtered water readings are 0.3 NTU or lower and no readings are greater than 1 NTU.

TREATMENT BYPRODUCTS PRECURSOR REMOVAL - Collected at the Treatment Plant

Substance	Year Sampled	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Compliance	MCLG	MCL		n Area Customers sy River Station II	Tunical Sauras
(with units)		mpled Achieved	MCLG	WICL	Lowest RAA	Range of Monthly Ratios	Typical Source											
Total Organic Carbon (ppm)	2023	Yes	NA	TT	1.75	1.03 to 3.23	Naturally present in the environment											

Total Organic Carbon: Although the concentration listed is ppm, the values shown are ratios used to determine compliance. Compliance with the Treatment Technique (TT) requirement is based on the lowest running annual average (RAA) of monthly ratios of the treatment removal achieved compared to required removal. A minimum annual average ratio of 1.00 is required.

Glencoe and Wheatley area customers: Turbidity and Total Organic Carbon monitoring is not applicable to your groundwater suppliers.

REGULATED SUBSTANCES - Collected in the Distribution System

Substance (with units)	Year Sampled	Compliance Achieved	MCLG	MCL	Highest Running Annual Average	Range Detected	Typical Source
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	2023	Yes	NA	60	37	4.3 to 47.7	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	2023	Yes	NA	80	47	20.5 to 56.8	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Chloramines (ppm)	2023	Yes	MRDLG 4	MRDL 4	2.90	0.69 to 3.98	Water additive used to control microbes
Chlorine (ppm)	2023	Yes	MRDLG 4	MRDL 4	2.90	0.98 to 3.78	Water additive used to control microbes

Haloacetic Acids (HAAs) and Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs): Compliance based on the highest LRAA (locational running annual average) that is calculated quarterly. The highest quarterly LRAA is the measured value in the table.

Chloramines and Chlorine: A public water system is compliant with the MRDL if the running annual average of monthly averages of samples taken in the distribution system computed quarterly is less than or equal to the MRDL.

Water Quality **Results**

LEAD AND COPPER MONITORING PROGRAM - At least 50 tap water samples collected at customers' taps every 3 years													
Substance (with units)	Year Sampled	Compliance Achieved	MCLG	Action Level	90 th Percentile	Range	Number of Homes Sampled	Homes Above Action Level	Typical Source				
Lead (ppb)	2021	Yes	0	15	ND	ND to 2	59	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems				
Copper (ppm)	2021	Yes	1.3	1.3	0.095	ND to 0.253	59	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems				

Lead and Copper: Compliance is achieved when at least 90% of samples collected from water standing in contact with plumbing for at least 6 hours are below the Action Level.

ADDITIONAL WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS OF INTEREST - Water Leaving the Treatment Facility Glencoe Area Customers: Owenton Area Customers: Wheatley Area Customers: Gallatin County and Warsaw Water Substance Year **Kentucky River Station II Carroll County Water District SMCL** Works (with units) Sampled Average Range Range **Average** Range **Average Alkalinity** 2023 NA 88 33 to 130 N/A N/A N/A N/A (ppm as CaCO₃) 2023 38 to 41 Calcium (ppm) NA 41 N/A N/A N/A N/A Chloride (ppm) 2023 250 21 21 to 21 40.8 10.4 to 85.0 25.3 NA Fluoride (ppm) 2023 4 0.80 0.67 to 0.99 1.17 0.79 to 1.90 0.8 0.76 to 1.09 Iron (ppm) 2023 0.3 ND ND ND ND ND ND Magnesium (ppm) 2023 NA 10 NA N/A N/A N/A N/A 2023 Manganese (ppm) 0.05 ND ND 0.011 NA ND ND 2023 NA 7.0 to 7.5 6.79 to 7.12 pH (su) 7.2 6.97 6.92 NA Sodium (ppm) 2023 NA 10.2 NA 3.97 NA 14.8 NA 2023 22.6 to 40.2 250 43 42 to 44 33.3 41.2 NA Sulfate (ppm) **Total Dissolved Solids** 2023 500 164 NA 458 344 to 535 375 NA (ppm) **Total Hardness** 2023 NA 9 6 to 15 N/A N/A N/A N/A (grains per gallon) **Total Hardness** 2023 NA 155 100 to 262 N/A N/A N/A N/A (ppm as CaCO₃)

The substances listed above do not have a direct impact on the health of consumers. These commonly requested constituents are provided for informational purposes only. Some substances may have a Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL), a non-mandatory water quality standard for parameters with no adverse health impacts. Levels above the SMCL may cause aesthetic, cosmetic, or technical effects.

Public **Notification**

perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)

(ppt)
perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA)

(ppt)

2023

2023

NA

NA

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Availability of Monitoring Data for Unregulated Contaminants for Kentucky American Water

Unregulated contaminants are those for which the EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist the EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulation is necessary. Every five years, the EPA issues a new list of no more than 30 unregulated contaminants to be monitored. In 2023 Kentucky American Water participated in the fifth round of the Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule (UCMR 5). If you are interested in examining the results, please contact Bob Money at 859-268-6317 or 2300 Richmond Road, Lexington, KY. The table below provides information on the unregulated contaminants that were detected in the water system under the current round of monitoring.

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANT MONITORING - Collected at the Treatment Plant

This notice is being sent to you by <u>Kentucky American Water</u>.

State Water System ID#: KY0340250 Date distributed: 5/1/2024

Kentucky River Carroll County Gallatin County Water Station II Water District Substance Year **Proposed Typical Source USEPA MCL** (with units) **Sampled Average** Range **Average** Range **Average** Range Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) 2023 4.0 ND ND ND ND ND ND (ppt) Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) 2023 4.0 ND ND ND ND ND ND Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS) Manufactured chemicals: 2023 10 ND ND ND ND ND ND used in a wide range of consumer products and 1.0 Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA) 2023 10 ND ND ND ND ND ND industrial applications Hazard NA NA NA (ppt) including non-stick Index Hazard Hazard Hazard Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid cookware, water-repellent (unit-Index Index Index 2023 10 ND ND ND ND ND ND (HFPO-DA) (GenX chemicals) (ppt) clothing, stain resistant less) fabrics and carpets. Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS) cosmetics, firefighting 2023 ND ND NA ND ND ND ND (ppt) foams, electroplating, and products that resist 1H,1H, 2H, 2H-perfluorooctane ND to 2023 4.3 ND ND ND NA ND grease, water, and oil. sulfonic acid (6:2FTS) (ppt) 11.1

ND to

3.7

ND to

5.2

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

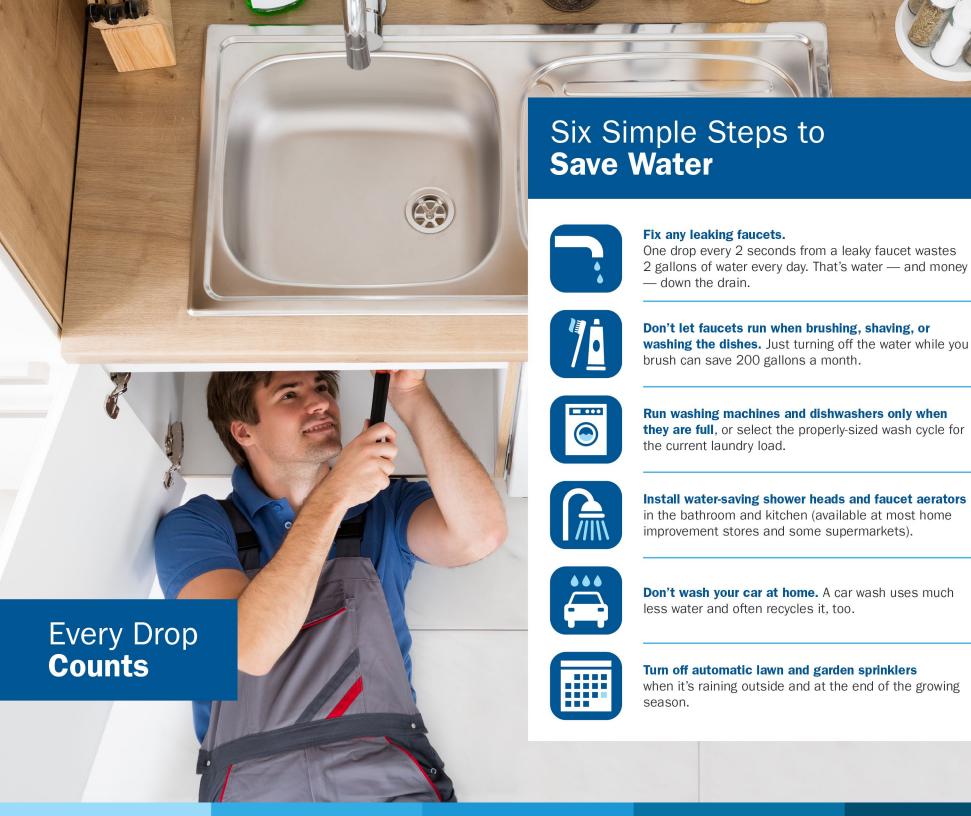
ND

ND

For more information on the U.S. EPA's proposed PFAS drinking water standards, including the Hazard Index, please visit https://www.epa.gov/pfas. PFAS chemicals are unique, so two PFAS chemicals at the same level typically do not present the same risk. Therefore, you should not compare the results for one PFAS chemical against the results of another.

0.925

2.375





About Us

American Water (NYSE: AWK) is the largest regulated water and wastewater utility company in the United States. With a history dating back to 1886, We Keep Life Flowing® by providing safe, clean, reliable and affordable drinking water and wastewater services to more than 14 million people with regulated operations in 14 states and on 18 military installations. American Water's 6,500 talented professionals leverage their significant expertise and the company's national size and scale to achieve excellent outcomes for the benefit of customers, employees, investors and other stakeholders.

Kentucky American Water, a subsidiary of American Water (NYSE: AWK), is the largest regulated water utility in the state, providing high-quality and reliable water and wastewater services to approximately 560,000 people. For more information, visit **kentuckyamwater.com** and follow us on X, Facebook, Instagram and YouTube.



KENTUCKY AMERICAN WATER FACTS AT A GLANCE

- COMMUNITIES SERVED
 Portions of 14 counties
- PEOPLE SERVED
 Approximately half a million (90.58% residential, 6.93% commercial, 0.02% industrial)
- **EMPLOYEES**Approximately 146
- TREATMENT FACILITIES

 Three surface water treatment facilities (average daily delivery is 40 million gallons per day (MGD); five wastewater plants (0.74 MGD permitted capacity)
- MILES OF PIPELINE
 2,333 miles of waterline and 27 miles of sewer pipe
- STORAGE AND TRANSMISSION
 28 water storage facilities
 18 water pumping stations
 19 wastewater pumping stations
- SOURCE OF SUPPLY98% surface water2% purchased water

PARTNERSHIP FOR

SAFE WATER AWARDS

All 3 of our treatment plants have received Directors Awards from the Partnership for Safe Water

How to **Contact Us**

If you have any questions about this report, your drinking water, or service, please contact Kentucky American Water's Customer Service Center Monday to Friday, 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. at 1-800-678-6301.



WATER INFORMATION SOURCES

Kentucky American Water www.kentuckyamwater.com

Kentucky Division of Water

https://eec.ky.gov/Environmental-Protection/Water/Drinking/Pages/information-for-consumers.aspx

United States Environmental Protection Agency www.epa.gov/safewater

Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention https://www.cdc.gov/healthywater/

American Water Works Association: www.awwa.org

Water Quality Association www.wga.org

National Library of Medicine/National Institute of Health www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/drinkingwater.html

This report contains important information about your drinking water. Translate it, or speak with someone who understands it at 1-800-678-6301.

This report contains important information about your drinking water. Translate it, or speak with someone who understands it at 1-800-678-6301.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien al 1-800-678-6301.

Ntawm no yog ib co lus qhia tseem ceeb heev txog koj cov dej seb huv npaum li cas. Yog tias koj xav tau kev pab txhais cov lus qhia no, thov hu rau peb ntawm 1-800-678-6301.

這是關於您的水質的十分重要的資訊。如果您需要幫助翻譯此資訊 請致電 1-800-678-6301 與我們聯繫。

आपके पानी की गुणवत्ता के बारे में यह बहुत महत्वपूर्ण सूचना है। यदि इस सूचना के अनुवाद के लिए आपको सहायता की जरूरत हो, तो कृपया 1-800-678-6301 र हमें काल करें।

Это очень важная информация о качестве Вашей воды. Если Вам требуется перевод этой информации, позвоните нам по телефону 1-800-678-6301.

Ito ay isang napakahalagang impormasyon tungkol sa kalidad ng iyong tubig. Kung iyong kailangan ng tulong sa pagsalin ng impormasyon na ito, mangyaring tumawag sa amin sa 1-800-678-6301.

Đây là thông tin rất quan trọng về chất lượng nước của quý vị. Nếu quý vị cần thông dịch thông tin này, xin gọi chúng tôi theo số 1-800-678-6301.