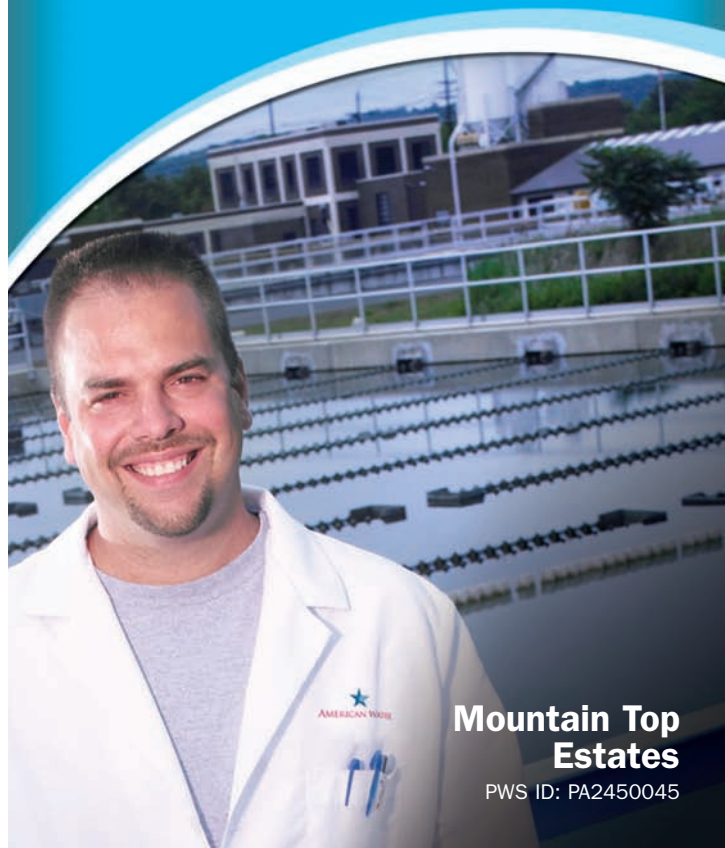


2008 Annual Water Quality Report



**Mountain Top
Estates**

PWS ID: PA2450045

A Message from Kathy Pape, President

As a trusted leader in the industry, Pennsylvania American Water places a strong emphasis on sharing information with customers about the quality of the water service we provide.

One way we do this is by providing annual reports with the results of the tests that we perform on the water delivered to your home. Please review this Consumer Confidence Report (CCR), which outlines information that is applicable to your local water system for tests completed through December 2008. You'll find that we provide water that surpasses or meets all federal and state water quality regulations. In fact, we often address regulations well before they go into effect.

Just as important, Pennsylvania American Water makes the necessary investments to maintain and upgrade its facilities, so that we can deliver quality water directly to your tap 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

Our customers are our top priority, and we are committed to providing you with the highest quality drinking water and service possible now and in the years to come. In addition to this written report, you can view information about Pennsylvania American Water and your water system on our website at www.pennsylvaniaamwater.com. For more information or if you have any questions about this report, please contact Pennsylvania American Water's Customer Service Center at (800) 565-7292.

Sincerely,

Our Mark of Excellence

Founded in 1886, American Water is the largest investor-owned U.S. water and wastewater utility company. With headquarters in Voorhees, N.J., the company employs more than 7,000 dedicated professionals who provide drinking water, wastewater and other related services to approximately 15 million people in 32 states and Ontario, Canada.

We are once again proud to present our annual water quality report. This edition covers all testing completed from January through December 2008. Over the years, we have dedicated ourselves to producing drinking water that meets or surpasses all state and federal drinking water standards. We continually strive to adopt new and better methods of delivering the best quality drinking water to you. As regulations and drinking water standards change, it is our commitment to you to incorporate these changes system-wide in an expeditious and cost-effective manner, while maintaining our objective of providing quality drinking water at an affordable price.

We are pleased to tell you that our compliance with all state and federal drinking water laws remains exemplary. To that end, we remain vigilant in meeting the challenges of source water protection, water conservation, and community education while continuing to serve the need of all our water users.

For more information about this report, or for any questions relating to your drinking water, please feel free to call our Customer Service Department at 1-800-565-7292.

Source Water Information

Two groundwater wells supply the Mountain Top Estates service area. The water from each well is pumped to a common treatment facility which is permitted to produce over 82,000 gallons of water per day. The water supply is distributed for residential use.

Protecting Your Water Source

A summary of a completed Source Water Assessment will be made available by DEP and may be viewed on their website at www.dep.state.pa.us following its release. Additional information can also be obtained by calling the local office of the DEP at (570) 826-2511. PAW encourages you to take an active part in protecting your water supply by participating in local watershed activities as they occur in your area.

Other Water Quality Parameters of Interest

Is there lead in your water?

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Pennsylvania American Water is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Does your water contain nitrates?

The system's normal range of nitrate levels is well below the MCL of 10 ppm. Nitrate enters the water supply from fertilizers used in the soil and natural erosion of deposits in the watershed. Levels above 10 ppm are a health risk for infants under six months of age and can cause blue baby syndrome. Check with your physician if you have questions.

How hard is your water?

Hardness is a measure of the concentration of primarily two minerals naturally present in water – calcium and magnesium. High hardness levels cause soap not to foam as easily as it would at lower levels and deposits scale on pipes. Hardness levels in Mountain Top Estate's well supplies typically average 56 ppm, or 3 grains per gallon of water, and is considered soft water.

How much sodium is in your water?

The sodium level, measured on the water leaving the treatment facility, was measured at 17 ppm.

What is the pH (acidity) range of your water?

Water produced by the Mountain Top Estates treatment facility averages 7.3 pH units. A pH of 7.0 is considered neutral, neither acidic nor basic.

Is there fluoride in your water?

PAW does not add fluoride to your water supply.

Water Quality Statement

We are pleased to report that during the past year, the water delivered to your home or business complied with all state and federal drinking water requirements. For your information, we have compiled a list in the table below showing what substances were detected in your drinking water during 2008. The Pennsylvania DEP allows monitoring for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentration of the contaminants does not change frequently. Although all of the substances listed below are under the Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCL) set by the U.S. EPA and the Pennsylvania DEP, we feel it is important that you know exactly what was detected and how much of each substance was present in the water.

Water Quality Results

Regulated Substances (Measured on the Water Leaving the Treatment Facilities)								
Substance (units)	Year Sampled	MCL	MCLG	Highest Amount Detected	Range Low-High	Compliance Achieved	Typical Source	
Nitrate (ppm)	2008	10	10	0.63	SS	Yes	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks; erosion of natural deposits	
Bacteriological Results (Measured on the Water in the Distribution System)								
Substance (units)	Year Sampled	MCL	MCLG	Highest Number of Positive Samples	Compliance Achieved	Typical Source		
Total Coliform Bacteria (number of positive samples)	2008	1 positive sample during the month	Zero bacteria	Zero bacteria detected	Yes	Naturally present in the environment		
Tap Water Samples: Lead and Copper Results								
Substance (units)	Year Sampled	Action Level	MCLG	Number of Samples	90th Percentile	Number of Samples Above Action Level	Compliance Achieved	Typical Source
Lead (ppb)	2007	15	0	5	0	0	Yes	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Copper (ppm)	2007	1.3	1.3	5	0.50	0	Yes	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Regulated Compounds (Measured on the Water in the Distribution System)								
Substance (units)	Year Sampled	MCL/ MRDL	MCLG/ MRDLG	Result	Range Low - High	Compliance Achieved	Typical Source	
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb) ¹	2008	60	N/A	1.7	SS	Yes	By-product of drinking water chlorination	
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) (ppb) ¹	2008	80	N/A	5.2	SS	Yes	By-product of drinking water chlorination	
Free Chlorine Residual (ppm) ²	2008	4	4	1.37	0.43 - 1.37	Yes	Added as a disinfectant to control microbial growth in the treatment process	
¹ A single sample was collected during the third quarter of 2008. ² MRDL (maximum residual disinfectant level) applies. Routine samples were collected and analyzed on a monthly basis at locations throughout the distribution system. The Result column lists the highest Monthly Result reported for 2008. The Range column represents the range of monthly results reported for compliance during the entire year.								

How to Read This Table

Start with a **Substance** and read across. **Year Sampled** is usually in 2008, or prior year sampled. **MCL** shows the highest level of each contaminant allowed. **MCLG** is the goal level for each contaminant (goal may be set lower than what is allowed). **Highest Amount Detected** represents the measured amount (lower values are better). **Range** lists the highest and lowest amounts measured. A **Yes** under **Compliance Achieved** means the amount of the substance met government requirements. **Typical Source** tells where the substance usually originates.

Various non-regulated substances were measured; however, maximum allowed contaminant levels have not been established by the government. These contaminants are shown for your information only.

Definition of Terms Used in This Report

- **AL (Action Level):** The concentration of a contaminant, which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements, which a water system must follow.
- **MCL (Maximum Contaminant Level):** The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- **MCLG (Maximum Contaminant Level Goal):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- **Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL):** The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
- **Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG):** The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contamination.
- **N/A:** Not applicable
- **ND:** Not detected
- **pCi/L (picocuries per liter):** Measurement of the natural rate of disintegration of radioactive contaminants in water (also beta particles).
- **ppm (parts per million):** One part substance per million parts water, or milligrams per liter.
- **ppb (parts per billion):** One part substance per billion parts water, or micrograms per liter.
- **SS:** Single sample

Substances Expected to be in Drinking Water

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health. Pennsylvania American Water's treatment processes are designed to reduce any such substances to levels well below any health concern and the processes are controlled to provide maximum protection against microbial and viral pathogens which could be naturally present in surface and groundwater. Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants may be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800) 426-4791.

The source of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) includes rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

Microbial Contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
Inorganic Contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or may result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
Pesticides and Herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources, such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
Organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and may also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
Radioactive Contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or may be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

How to Contact Us

Additional copies of this report can be obtained by calling our Customer Service Department at 800-565-7292. Electronic copies of this document can be obtained by logging on to our website www.pennsylvaniaamwater.com Further information can be obtained by calling our Customer Service Department or by viewing information on the Internet sites below:

Pennsylvania American Water

www.pennsylvaniaamwater.com

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection

www.dep.state.pa.us

United States Environmental Protection Agency

www.epa.gov/safewater

Safe Drinking Water Hotline: (800) 426-4791

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

www.cdc.gov

American Water Works Association

www.awwa.org



800 W. Hershey Park Drive
Hershey, PA 17033

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.